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Part 1: Historical Linguistics

01. Historical linguistics is the study of the gradual development of a language by means of systematic methods. Inquire.

02. Identify the phonemic change (i.e. introduce it) and give examples, one for each phonemic change.

03. Describe and illustrate the norm 'sound change is regular.'

04. Clarify the role of bilinguals in language borrowing and discuss the influence of Sinhala-English bilinguals in the development of Sinhala lexicon.
Part 1: History of Linguistics

05. "The Panini Grammar is a result of a long standing Sanskrit Grammatical tradition." Discuss.

06. Point out why the ancient Greek grammatical tradition is significant in the study of the history of Linguistics.

07. Discuss, with examples, the development of language studies during the Renaissance period.

08. Discuss to what extent, it is reasonable to consider “Ferdinand de Saussure” as the father of Modern Linguistics.